

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XXXIX.

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COFFEE
OF
HONG KONG TEA CO.,
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SUMMER REPORTS.

CHICAGO, June 10, 1879.

Fountain Spring House
WAUKESHA, WIS.

Enlarged and more Magnificent than ever,
opens to-day.

MAURELLIN, Proprietor.

OPTICIANS.

MANASSE SIGHT OPTICIAN,
TRIBUNE IS PRICELSS
BUILDING

The specialties suited to all sorts of scientific pur-

poses. Opera and Field Glasses, Telescopes, Micro-

scopes, &c.

EDUCATIONAL.

MT. VERNON INSTITUTE, '46

MT. Vernon Place, Baltimore, Md. English

French, German, French, German, Italian

and Spanish, Greek, Latin, English, French, German, Italian

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THE COUNCIL.

Recently-Appointed Officials File Their Bonds.

The Michigan-Avenue Ordinance Again Postponed.

The Mayor Called Upon to Explain His "75 Per Cent Order."

The City Council met last evening, all of the members present except Ald. Cark and Lorenz Major Harrison presiding.

Ald. Lawler introduced a series of resolutions expressing the sympathy of the Council for the family of the deceased fireman, H. T. Coyle, who was accidentally drowned a few evenings ago, which were unanimously adopted and ordered upon the records.

Ald. Callerton moved the reconsideration of the vote by which the ordinance affecting the hours of work of the inmates of the Bridewell.

The motion prevailed, and the ordinance was re-committed.

The official bond of Walter Macdonald in the sum of \$10,000 as City Collector was read and approved. It was signed by Henry McGuire, Thomas Mathews, and J. H. Ward.

The bond of Oil-Inspector Franklin, in the sum of \$10,000, was read and approved. It was signed by G. E. Schmidt, M. Brand, and Thomas Lynch.

Ald. Dixon moved the suspension of the rules of the Board of Building-Superintendent Alexander Kirkland, in the sum of \$35,000, was also read and approved. It was signed by John Cochran, W. D. Clark, Thomas Brennan, James McGregor, and John Forsythe.

An ordinance was introduced intending to prevent one except the contractor for removing dead animals from the streets. A motion to suspend the rules to adopt it was lost, and the ordinance was referred to the Committee on Health and County Relations.

MICHIGAN AVENUE.

The special order—the ordinance turning Michigan avenue and a part of Thirty-fifth street over to the South Park Commissioners—was taken up.

Ald. Turner moved that the ordinance be passed.

Ald. Thompson understood there was an ordinance of the State, that the birds of the Committee in West Washington.

He said, "We want to object to the want of money; values times, no! What he wants, and what he found, were not what he knew to be."

"This unfortunate ordinance. To overturn everything, and to pollute the lines, broken open which he could not find the key, and them; and the water did them, of course; not in the little store in the front doorway, what does he bring with him? That he committed perjury and became a robber. Having been to have served him, and afterward throwing

a of the case, M. le Judge."

HIM FOR SPITE.

Story of a Young Man Left in the Baby.

(Continued.)

and about the Union Det-

early in the day until train

man walking merrily

bright and pretty little baby,

the evidently despairing man

reporter "made himself con-

as all reporters know how to

not least long against the

sky spoke to us, and asked

us to say Kausus—

conversation—just what we

had the man told us that

he give it to us as that

we had it as he told us

The Tribune.

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WASHINGTON D. C.—1219 F street.

AMUSEMENTS.

Hoover's Theatre,

Madison street, between Clark and LaSalle. Engagement of the Madison-Square Theatre Company.

"Afternoon; or, Won at Last."

Hoover's Theatre.

Dearborn street, corner of Monroe. Engagement of the Tony Pastor Troupe. Variety performance.

McVicker's Theatre.

Madison street, between Dearborn and State. Engagement of the Standard Theatre Company. "The Little Duke."

Hoover Music-Hall.

Madison street, between Dearborn and State. Occupied by the McLeiblin Family.

Lake Front.

Opposite Madison street. London Circus.

TUESDAY, JUNE 17, 1879.

ENRIS, the Chicago pedestrian, has gone wrong in his stomach, and is practically out of the race in the London tournament. It is some consolation to know that his poor condition is the result, not of gross excesses, as was the case with another Chicago pedestrian who was ignominiously beaten some time ago, but of an act of gallant bravery in rescuing a lady from drowning.

Feeling dissatisfied with the Army bill as it passed the House, through a fear that they had not sufficiently provided against the possible use of troops on election-day to enforce the laws of the United States, the Democrats yesterday attempted to pass a bill making it unlawful to bring to any place where an election is being held troops as a police force to keep the peace at the polls. This extra bill was defeated, and it will be necessary to amend the regular bill in the Senate if it is to be done at all. The Senate, however, is not likely to court another veto by adding such a restriction to the bill now before it.

The great boat-race for the championship of England was won yesterday by HANLAN, the Canadian oarsman, with the greatest of ease, and in the fastest time on record in any race for the championship. His opponent, ELLIOTT, was the best of the British scullers, and the result of the race to stamp HANLAN as by long odds the greatest of living oarsmen. His style of rowing, not less than the seemingly endless endurance and strength of which he is capable, has captivated the critics of England, while his Canadian friends are so carried away with their enthusiasm as to propose that HANLAN receive the honor of Knighthood.

M. PAUZ DE CASAGNAZ, the chronically irate legislator and professional duelist, during one of his periodical attacks of madness yesterday succeeded in adjuring the French Chamber of Deputies for an hour, himself holding the fortresses of GAMETTA, the President, who was obliged to retire from the chair and leave the irreconcileable Deputy in complete command of the situation. Either the rules governing the Lower House of the French Legislature are very lax, or the personal magnetism of CASAGNAZ is such that he may violate the ordinary requirements of parliamentary usage without fear of serious consequences.

A number of important opinions were yesterday delivered by Mr. Justice HARLAN, of the Supreme Court of the United States, sitting in the Circuit Court, this city, among them being a decision in the case of the McALPIN deficiency to the effect that the Government had a preferred lien on the bonds deposited by the Cook County National Bank, and may retain the amount necessary to cover the Post-Office funds on deposit in that bank at the time of its loss. Another was in the case of CRANE vs. CONBO & CARTES, which was brought into prominence during the BLODGETT investigation, and in which Justice HARLAN affirms the order of Judge DRUMMOND and reverses that originally entered by Judge BLODGETT.

The Common Council has adopted a resolution calculated to remind Mayor HARRISON that his elevation to the dizzy height of chief dispenser of municipal patronage did not abrogate or repeal certain laws and ordinances, and that it would be wise for him to pause and consider what he is about. His recent action looking to a reduction of the police force, with an evident design upon other Departments, has produced a strong feeling of resentment in the Council which found expression in the adoption by a practically unanimous vote of a resolution requesting him to make no reductions in the Departments, and to explain to the Council his reason for thinking he has the power to take such action. It looks as though the "Mayor of the entire city" were in a fair way to get himself disliked by the entire city.

The two policemen who shot and clubbed the negro JOHNSON about two weeks ago were yesterday discharged upon examination before a Justice of the Peace. It was shown in evidence that the negro was shot in the legs and clubbed on the head for refusing to halt when ordered by an officer who had simply been told by a citizen that he suspected the negro of being a thief. The transaction was aggravated in its brutality by having occurred in broad daylight, when a foot-race would have answered all the purposes of a revolver. There seemed to be no lack of proof that the officers were guilty of a gross outrage, but they were discharged apparently on their own statements that no unnecessary violence was used. It would not be well for police to infer from the result of this case

that they can shoot, and maim, and kill people with impunity, for there are courts and juries which will call such things by their right names, and are liable to mete out punishment accordingly.

SILVER AND PROSPERITY.

The silver question will not stay down, no matter what the Shylocks or their tools in Congress may do. After all that has been said against the remonetization of silver, it excites to-day in three continents more interest than any other financial or economic subject. On another page we print some recent contributions to the discussion. The venerable THURLOW WEXON treats elaborately of the great change in sentiment caused by the good results, so far, of remonetization, and the author of the very able article on silver in the *Contemporary Review*, Mr. WILLIAMSON, gives the valuable results of his observations in this country with regard to public opinion and the probable production of silver. The venerable THURLOW WEXON, who stood almost alone for silver in the East against his own party and the press of both parties, has had the good fortune to live to see himself justified and his opponents confounded by the course of events. Mr. WEXON contrasts, with a pardonable pride, his predictions and those of the anti-silver men. They declared the restoration of silver would make resumption impossible. Resumption has succeeded, and that, too, largely by the help of silver. An avalanche of bonds, we were told by the goldites, was to be precipitated from Europe on this country by the Silver law, to the great loss and damage of our monied institutions and the credit of the nation. The return of our bonds from Europe is now universally regarded as one of the most wholesome symptoms of our financial condition. Refunding the 6 per cent into 4 per cents would be instantly arrested by the remonetization of silver, and the refunding is finished in months instead of years. The premium on gold was to be revived by the re-appearance of silver in the coinage,—the Little Judicial bill was to be passed by the House, and that, too, largely by the help of silver. 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REIGN.

an Easy Victory
is Competitor
Elliott.

The Most Notable Feats on Record.

Previous Time by Over a Minute.

ally, Ahead in the International Walk-Match.

to Sudden Illness, to Give Up the Contest.

enthusiastically Received at Chinese Ports.

Puts the French Depu- to Flight.

N—ELLIOTT.

LAST VICTORY.

HONG KONG, June 15.—Hanlan won an immense enthusiasm, from a point of Mansion was fine, though dull, and finely smooth. There was a score of spectators, and twenty passengers followed with him.

Hanlan had been laid during came into much better favor.

Elliott.

THE ROSS.

After some delay, off to a capital start. Hanlan at the rate of forty-two to one drew to the front, rate of forty to the minute, now, even strength, but now, and his boat did not a not a foot of four lengths.

The time for the mile was seconds, the Canadian Hanlan now slowed down, still with the admiring won very easily by eight time of 31 minutes and 1 seconds.

rons crowds at Scottwood, to the echo.

say that such a performance to-day has never before waters.

ICE DESCRIBED.

A dispatch from New-

describes the race to-day:

the men not to their

stripped to the skin, but Han-

ane sleeveless jersey.

relied confident and cheerful,

of his friends on the un-

tabled to one i-

No response was made.

A few sets of six to four,

on the captain's boat,

High Level bridge, hav-

ing south side. He lifted his

in the cutter. Meanwhile he

up to the starting point,

Renewed cheering took

a preliminary spurt of a

return to the starting

FREE FAIR STARTS

in 20: away on equal terms,

they're off!" They're off!

as Hanlan began to force

at a rapid rate, passing

a man three times before

within a very short time Han-

lan ahead. In the first mile,

reached the lead works.

Hanlan, and was giving Elliott

on yelling on the shores at this

Elliott to greater exertion,

Hanlan was evidently rowing

Hott was hauling the shore.

way Hanlan, finding the race

TOOK TO THIRTY-TWO.

while, was rowing at thirty-

to show evidence of rowing

was very faint. Hanlan's

in passing Armstrong's

difference in the relative

men. The referee's boat

at a mile behind, on the known as King's Meadow,

smooth as a millpond. At

start, was rowing

and Elliott thirty-six, the

lengths. When of Ben-

side beyond Parcage Quay,

STOPPED ROWING.

to ascertain the distance he

his feet of his recalled to

his boat about the same

time, and Elliott was soon in-

ascertained plaudits, Hanlan

bridge, winning the de-

sign of America and En-

GLAND.

15—After the race

by Col. Shaw and several

returned to Newcastle,

digitally welcomed by a large

in response to repeated

at the window of the

the office, and thanked the

for their kindness. He

and Elliott for his invariable

also addressed the crowd.

a concert at Newcastle Town-

ALL DIAMOND KING

and the account of a num-

nation of Newcastle.

Received with cheers, said he

entered one of the best scu-

Elliott said he was satisfied

that he could beat Hanlan. He

any man in the world,

4000 a side.

was arranged between Elliott

in the Tyne for £200 a side, to

those hence.

ACOUNTS.

16—A special dispatch from

60,000 persons witnessed the

and the greatest excitement

was the favorite at 100 to 30.

so miles was the most exci-

from Newcastle-on-Tyne this

course the men

100 miles and 700 yards,—the

Thousands of Tyne-

from the surround-

were many representatives

in Alnwick and surrounding

their representatives

in the contest with the young

and, a somewhat cold

from the northeast. At 40

two minutes after 11 the referee's boat had taken up its position at High Level Bridge. The weather still remained still and cloudy, while the wind, which was blowing from the eastward, was blowing in stream. Men were offering two to one on Hanlan when Armstrong, the referee, arrived. Soon after, a little steam yacht arrived, which had been specially prepared for ladies and a few invited guests.

The river was meanwhile alive with craft of all descriptions, while all the windows and roofs of houses commanding a view of the river were crowded.

THE ENGLISH CHAMPION'S boat was then launched, followed by a tattered barge, from which Taylor, to coach him in his race. The crew gave Elliott so little cheering. The gathering was not as large as on the occasion of the Hanlan and Hawdon race the 5th of last month. The atmosphere was murky and oppressive, while clouds of smoke came down the valley between Red Head and Routh Bridges.

HANLAN.

soon after took his position and was loudly cheered. At twenty minutes to 12 the referee's boat took its station in the middle of the river. Meanwhile the crowd was hourly increasing, and the flotilla of steamers were uncomfortably crowded. Hanlan in his boat was loudly cheered. According to the terms of the agreement, the men started by mutual consent. Elliott won the choice of position. Hanlan led all the way. Elliott made no response. He was evidently envious at all points and much disengaged. On arriving at Scotswood suspension bridge, a winner by ten lengths, Hanlan took off his cap and was loudly cheered.

A GAMBLING MATCH.

The News Journal of London says: "The race was one of the heaviest gambling races that ever took place on the Tyne. During the last two months huge sums have been invested on Hanlan from seven to four to five to two. There is evidently a big bank of money behind him. The reverse is the case with Elliott."

THE NEWS IN TORONTO.

TORONTO, June 16.—The announcement here to-day that Hanlan had defeated Elliott and secured the championship of England produced the greatest enthusiasm. When the news became known flags were hoisted in every part of the city and on the vessels lying in the harbor. The following message was sent by Mr. H. F. Wright, Mayor, Toronto: "Toronto—Tuesday, June 16—The English champion still maintains his original position, but makes no further advance."

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THE ORIENT.

HONG KONG, May 21.—New Government orders have been issued for the strict enforcement of the laws against the growth of opium and the use of opium by the official classes.

The leaders of the Annan rebellion still main-

tains his original position, but makes no further advance.

JAPAN.

YOKOHAMA, May 21.—From present indica-

tions, Grant is expected to arrive at Nagasaki on the second week of July, and will be received there by a delegation of high Japanese officials, including Yoshida, the Minister at Washington. A Japanese iron-clad will be placed at the disposal of the party. It is agreed, arrangements will be made for visiting the battle-fields of the late civil war in Korea. Part of the journey will be over land. Elliott made no response. He was evidently envious at all points and much disengaged. On arriving at Scotswood suspension bridge, a winner by ten lengths, Hanlan took off his cap and was loudly cheered.

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THE COURTS.

A Dozen Important Opinions by Justice Harlan.

The Government Has a Priority of Lien on the Cook County National.

Mrs. Spencer Sues to Recover the Property Taken from Her.

By Virtue of a Judgment Obtained on the Ground of Fraud.

New Suits, Judgments, Divorces, Etc.

Judge Harlan, after two weeks of unexampled energy here, yesterday closed up his business in this city for this year at least, by delivering opinions in twelve cases. The opinions were all oral, delivered from notes, and include all but about four or five of the cases he has heard while here. The cause of greatest general interest was that of the United States vs. The Cook County National Bank to recover the money deposited by Gen. McArthur while Postmaster. The following is the opinion:

This case is before the Court upon demurrer to the bill of complaint.

The Bill states: "That the Cook County National Bank became insolvent and unable to pay its debts on June 1, and having failed to pay its circulating notes, it became so far as was known to the plaintiff, according to the record, supplied according to Sec. 524 of the Revised Statutes, who took possession of its assets."

The bank, at the time of its failure, was a designated depositor for miners or funds of a company called the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. S. W. S. also came up on application for a supersedeas. This was a case in which the Company took a lease from Sea, and the lessee, in consideration of the rent, agreed to enter a judgment against him in favor of the lessor, and the creditor, or other to them satisfactory reasons, the bankrupt, in order to obtain the benefit of their deposit account to his discharge, might bear the expense of such proceedings, and before the discharge would therefore be denied, and the bill dismissed for want of equity.

A CASE OF HARDSHIP.
This was a suit by the First National Bank vs. Marietta King, to recover the sum due on a note given by Mrs. King and Mr. Bon George W. Gage for \$7,000. Subsequently the notes were transferred to the Chicago Fire-Insurance Company, and the Company brought suit to recover the amount of the note, plus interest, as well as costs, and the expenses of collection, and the bank's attorney, Mr. King, claimed that he had been paid in full, and that the note was discharged, and that the claimants to be the owners of the goods in Ludwig's store which had been purchased from them, and that they had no right to sue for the balance. Charles A. Frear commenced a suit against Tragott Rockers to recover \$1,000 damages for a do-bite.

PROBATE COURT.

Yesterday was the adjudication day, being the first day of the term.

In the estate of Jacob Appel, deceased, letters of administration were issued to Magdalena Appel, and bond of \$6,000 approved.

THE CALL.

Judge Darrow—In chambers.

Judge Blanks—In chambers.

Judge Gandy—In chambers.

Judge Parker—In chambers.

Judge Gandy—In chambers.

Judge Parker—In chambers.

R.R.
von Hon. George Starr as to
Way's Ready Relief in a
certain Rheumatism.

WAN NESS PLACE, New York,
where I have worked wonder-
fully, sometimes extending from
two to three weeks. I have been
there three times, and each time
have been there afflicted. I have
sometimes recommended it to
those who had no relief, but all proved to
be kinds of baths, manipulations,
or the like, of the most ordinary
kind, and give no relief.

Am I not a friend to a friend?

TWO SUNDAYS.

A Split in a Prominent Jewish Synagogue,

Which Has Resigned in the Resignation of their Rabbi.

The Conservatives Want the Jewish Sabbath Service Exclusively,

While the Liberals Insist on the Sunday Exercises.

desire had been expressed, and conferences even had taken place, before this Temple was built. It was there, however, that the question which prevented the combination. Now, it is my opinion that the Sunday services will not stand in the way, because most of those who are for the Sunday services would yield in a compromise. That is the fact, in my way I can see to help the congregation out of its crisis—bring the congregations together in Sinai Temple."

"Could you give Dr. Kohler, about the proportion of those who favor Sabbath and Sunday?"

"I could not exactly, although it would not be very far off, of the way to say that they were about evenly divided. But it is to be noted that the most of those who are for the Sabbath service do not attend it. In principle they adhere to it, but, seeing that it is not interfered with, they do not attend."

"On the other hand, the Sunday services are being indulged by the majority, rather willing to attend on Sunday, and so are at least more faithful to their principles."

"Why should there be any great difference of opinion, then, among the congregations?"

"This congregation consists of two different kinds of people. There are in my congregation more than twelve men who were formerly either teachers or pursued literary or seminary careers, and these people are a better educated class than the rest. They have a better knowledge of the Sabbath and the Sabbath services, and are more inclined to go to the services."

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"I understand it, Dr. Kohler, have you been to the services?"

"Yes, sir, while at the same time I always knew that the immediate result of this step on his part was the receipt of a call from the Beth El Congregation, one of the largest and wealthiest societies in New York, it was rightly decided that there were certain good and sufficient reasons, outside of the natural aspects of such an honor, why the reverend gentleman should resign his pulpit in Chicago for one in New York. And one of these reasons was the existence of two factions in Sinai growing out of the Sabbath-Sunday question—the rock, in this case, on which the congregation split. In order to get a succinct, and at the same time an authentic statement of the difficulty, a representative of this paper called on Dr. Kohler last evening at his residence, No. 91 Twenty-first street, stated his desire to be put in possession of all the information bearing upon the question, and was readily furnished with what he wanted."

"When I came here eight years ago," began Dr. Kohler, "after the fire, I found two parties, or factions, in the congregation, the being outnumbered by a majority of conservatives. My predecessor, Dr. Chomsky, had tried to effect a split for the purpose of maintaining himself at the head of the congregation. Dr. Chomsky was not a believer, but belonged to the atheists in some respects—to the Feuerbachian school, the left-wing wing of the Hegelian school. He ended out a few, the majority of the congregation, and at the same time an authentic statement of the difficulty, a representative of this paper called on Dr. Kohler last evening at his residence, No. 91 Twenty-first street, stated his desire to be put in possession of all the information bearing upon the question, and was readily furnished with what he wanted."

"What reason do you assign for resigning?"

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"What do you expect will be the outcome of it all?"

"The congregation will meet to-morrow evening, and I suppose, accept my resignation, although, I am afraid, it will be voted down. But the others left, owing to the financial embarrassments of the church, etc., etc., the congregation has now only a small number of members."

"As I understand it, Dr. Kohler, have you been to the services?"

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HOME AND DOWER."

The Great Philanthropic Financial Scheme of the Age.

How Parents Can Provide for Their Children in Years to Come.

An Easy Way for Churches to Get Out of Debt, on Paper.

The Experiences of a World-Be Beneficiary in the Red-Tape Line.

not all he bargained for. This may all be the fault of the applicant however.

Ewan Macie, an ancient farmer-like man, of Ashburn, Iroquois County, some time since died, leaving Livingston & Co., and invested \$10,000 in the company, giving as security a mortgage on a farm of 100 acres in the county in which he resides. Macie had a son over 20 years old, and he had no wife or children. He would have his money in thirty days, and paid less time. He went home happy in the thought that he had negotiated a loan by which he could get his money in thirty days.

About the time he was expecting the sum on March 5, and was informed by Mr. E. C. Fuller, of Springfield, that he would not receive his money until April 15. He would have his money in thirty days, and paid less time. He went home happy in the thought that he had negotiated a loan by which he could get his money in thirty days.

Mr. Macie again telephoned to Livingston & Co., and was told that he would not receive his money until April 15. He would have his money in thirty days, and paid less time. He went home happy in the thought that he had negotiated a loan by which he could get his money in thirty days.

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THE CITY.

GENERAL NEWS.

Billy Emerson is at the Sherman.

Robert Craig, Liverpool, is at the Pacific.

Franklin Snow, Boston, is at the Gardner.

Arthur C. Hanson, London, is at the Sherman.

J. F. Moffat, Watertown, N. Y., is at the Palmer.

H. P. Wiggin, Boston, is registered at the Sherman.

H. M. Smith, Milwaukee, is registered at the Gardner.

E. H. Howell, New York, is quartered at the Gardner.

Adison Bybee, Indianapolis, is sojourning at the Tremont.

John Lamberton, Jr., Glasgow, is domiciled at the Palmer.

D. W. Scott, Galena, Ill., is one of the guests of the Sherman.

Judge R. F. Peckham, San Jose, Cal., is a guest of the Pacific.

Clem Studebaker, South Bend, Ind., is staying at the Gardner.

Harrison H. Dodge, Washington, is among the guests of the Palmer.

W. H. Johnson and Abe Buford, Kentucky, are registered at the Tremont.

Judge S. R. Moore and James Mix, Kaukauna, are among the guests of the Pacific.

L. A. Fuller, Superintendent United States Express Company, Springfield, Ill., is at the Gardner.

A. R. Windom, Detroit, Superintendent of the Wagoner Car Company, is among the guests of the Tremont.

The men at the Brown Iron Mills again struck yesterday morning. Only a few have been working since the late strike.

The Sheriff yesterday closed up the pawnshop of David G. Gear, Adams and Clark streets, or a few feet at the suit of John T. Ryan.

No cases were tried in the Criminal Court yesterday, and Judge Booth adjourned court early. In the County Court, the whole day was taken up with tax-sessions.

The County Treasurer is paying county orders on the General Fund up to and including Feb. 25. County-orders up to No. 248, and jury-certificates for the April term.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Manasseh optical, 88 Madison street (TRENTON Building), was 62° at 6 a. m.; 63° at 10 a. m.; 64° at 1 p. m.; 65° at 3 p. m.; 63° at 5 p. m.; 61° at 8 p. m.; 59° at 9 p. m.

George Danbury, 7 years of age, living with his parents at No. 812 Halsted street, while climbing upon a shelf in the rear of his home, fell to the floor, a distance of twenty-five feet. A physician who attended him says he is seriously injured internally.

During the storm Saturday afternoon the spire of the Congregational Church at Blue Island was struck by lightning and demolished.

Mr. Wm. D. Miller, of Milwaukee, Illinois, Wisconsin, and Missouri. The examination will be resumed this morning at 9 o'clock.

John Patterson, 11 years of age, while attempting to board an outgoing freight train on the North Western Railroad, between Leavitt and Chicago, was struck by a car. He was down and had left his foot badly cut. He was taken to the home of his parents, No. 39 Kellogg street.

A team of horses and double truck owned by the Elmwood Hotel on South Water street, driven by Mr. John Johnson, was run over by a team at 9 o'clock ran into a horse and was owned by Dr. Clark, at the corner of Market and Madison streets. The latter rig was slightly damaged.

John Knight, 4 years of age, was run down at noon yesterday, on the corner of Indiana and Curtis streets, by a team of horses attached to a wagon owned by the West Division Street Railroad, and driven by John Moore, No. 1068 State street. The boy, injured, was taken to his home, No. 233 Indiana street, where he was attended by a physician, who found only a few bruises.

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